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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/029,394	12/28/2001	Jum Soo Kim	054216-5016 2075 EXAMINER		
43569	7590 01/24/2006				
MAYER, BROWN, ROWE & MAW LLP			NGUYEN,	NGUYEN, KHIEM D	
	09 K STREET, N.W. ASHINGTON, DC 20006		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
WIGHING	O11, BC 20000		2823		
			DATE MAILED: 01/24/2006		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

EX

	Application No.	Applicant(s)		
	10/029,394	KIM ET AL.		
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit		
	Khiem D. Nguyen	2823		
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period or - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timwill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status				
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>14 November 2005</u> .				
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final.				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is				
closed in accordance with the practice under E	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	33 O.G. 213.		
Disposition of Claims				
 4) Claim(s) 7-13 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 7-13 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or 	wn from consideration.			
Application Papers				
9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) ☑ The drawing(s) filed on 31 March 2004 is/are: a Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	a) \square accepted or b) \square objected to drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119				
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 				
Attachment(s)	o □ 1-4 1 - 0	(DTO 442)		
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal Pa 6) Other:			

DETAILED ACTION

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on November 14th, 2005 has been entered. A new rejection is made as set forth in this Office Action. Claims (7-13) are pending in the application.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

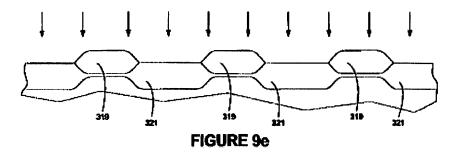
A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 7-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Fang (U.S. Patent 6,667,511).

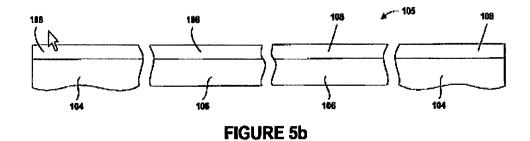
In re claim 7, **Fang** discloses a method of manufacturing a code address memory cell in a peripheral circuit region and a flash memory cell in a cell region, the method comprising:

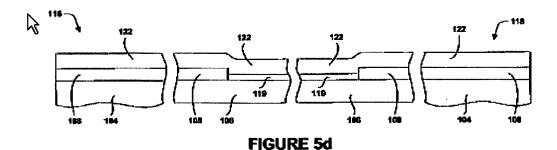
forming a device isolation film **319** in a given region on a semiconductor substrate **304** to define an active region and a device isolation region (col. 10, lines 6-16 and FIG. 9e);



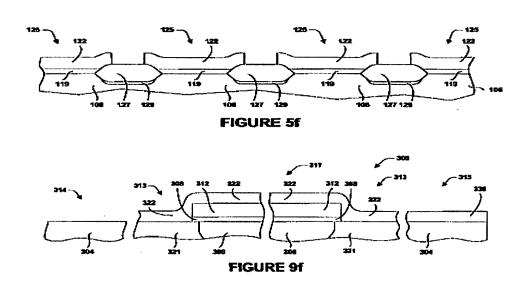
defining the active region into a cell region 317 and a peripheral circuit region 314, 315 by a given process;

forming a tunnel oxide film 108 and a first polysilicon film 122 on the entire structure including the device isolation (col. 6, lines 21-44 and FIGS. 5b and 5d) and then

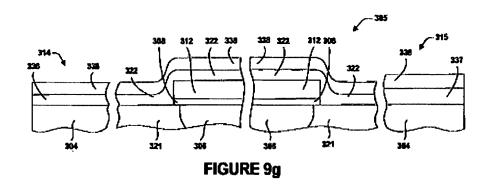




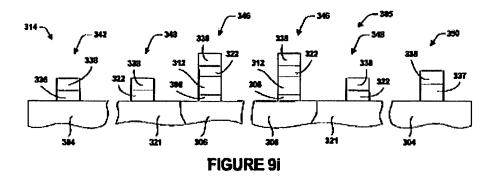
patterning the tunnel oxide film 108 and the first polysilicon film 122 so that the tunnel oxide film 108 and the first polysilicon film 122 remain in a given region of the cell region 317, thus defining a floating gate (col. 6, lines 30-62 and FIG. 5f and col. 7, lines 31-56 and FIG. 9f);



sequentially forming an insulating film 322 including an oxide film and a nitride film (ONO) and a second polysilicon film 338 on the entire structure including the cell region 317 and the peripheral circuit region 314, 315, the insulating film being formed under the second polysilicon film 338 (col. 10, lines 29-65 and FIG. 9g);



patterning the second polysilicon film 338 and the insulating film 322 so that they remain in a given region of the cell region 317 and the peripheral circuit region 314, 315 respectively, thus forming a control gate 338 on the insulating film covering the floating gate 312 in the cell region 317 and a gate on the insulating film covering a surface of the substrate 304 in the peripheral circuit region 314, 315 (col. 10, line 66 to col. 11, line 19 and FIG. 9i); and



performing an impurity ion implantation process for a given region of the semiconductor substrate to form a source region and a drain region, so that a flash memory cell **346** is formed in the cell region, and a code address memory cell **348** is formed in the peripheral circuit region (col. 10, lines 6-16 and FIG. 9i).

In re claims 8 and 10, <u>Fang</u> discloses that the insulating film 22 is formed by stacking at least two or more layers of at least one of the oxide and nitride film (col. 10, lines 29-38).

In re claim 9, **Fang** discloses that the insulating film **22** has a thickness of about 130 Angstroms (col. 10, lines 29-38).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 11-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Fang (U.S. Patent 6,667,511) in view of Sheng et al. (U.S. Patent 5,981,404).

In re claims 11 and 12, <u>Fang</u> does not explicitly disclose that the insulating film is formed by stacking a first oxide film, a first nitride film, a second oxide film, a second nitride film and a third oxide film.

Sheng, however, discloses a insulating structures used in DRAMs or other memory devices such that the insulating structures is formed by stacking a first oxide film 30, a first nitride film 32, a second oxide film 34, a second nitride film 36 and a third oxide film 34 (col. 7, line 41 to col. 9, line 23 and FIGS. 6 and 9).

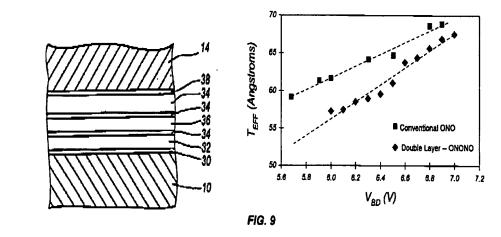
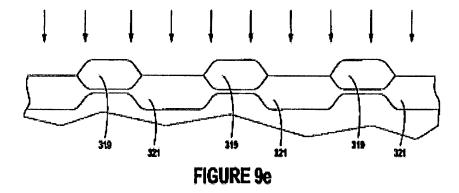


FIG. 8

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to combine the teaching of Fang and Sheng to enable the process of creating an insulating film formed by stacking a first oxide film, a first nitride film, a second oxide film, a second nitride film and a third oxide film of Fang to be performed and furthermore other improvements in the dielectric structure account for the improvements in the breakdown voltage characteristics of the ONONO dielectric structure (col. 9, lines 23-26, Sheng).

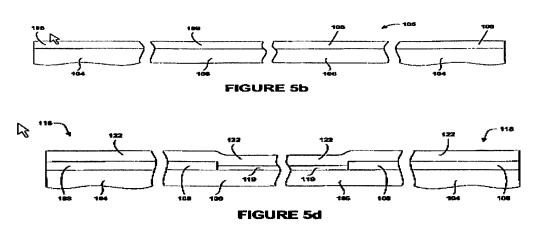
In re claim 13, **Fang** discloses a method of manufacturing a code address memory cell in a peripheral circuit region and a flash memory cell in a cell region, the method comprising the steps of:

forming a device isolation film **319** in a given region on a semiconductor substrate **304** to define an active region and a device isolation region (col. 10, lines 6-16 and FIG. 9e);

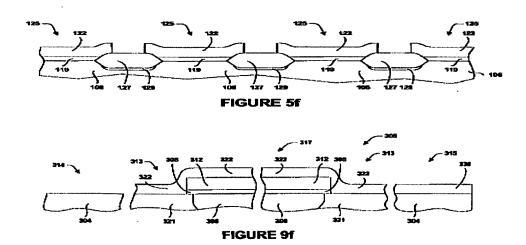


defining the active region into a cell region 317 and a peripheral circuit region 314, 315 by a given process;

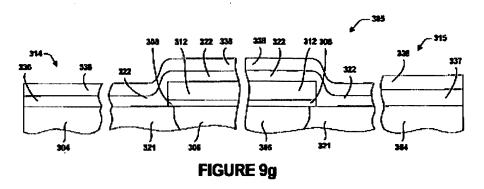
forming a tunnel oxide film 108 and a first polysilicon film 122 on the entire structure including the device isolation film (col. 6, lines 21-44 and FIGS. 5b and 5d) and then



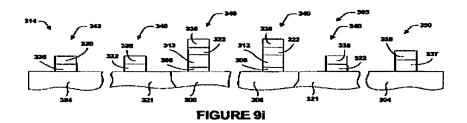
patterning the tunnel oxide film 108 and the first polysilicon film 122 so that the tunnel oxide film 108 and the first polysilicon film 122 only remains in a given region of the cell region 317, thus defining a floating gate 312 (col. 6, lines 30-62 and FIG. 5f and col. 7, lines 31-56 and FIG. 9f);



sequentially forming an insulating film 322 including an oxide film and a nitride film (ONO) and a second polysilicon film 338 on the entire structure including the cell region 317 and the peripheral circuit region 314, 315, the insulating film being formed under the second polysilicon film 338 (col. 10, lines 29-65 and FIG. 9g);



patterning the second polysilicon film 338 and the insulating film 322 so that they remain only in a given region of the cell region 317 and the peripheral circuit region 314, 315 respectively, thus forming a control gate 338 of the flash memory cell on the insulating film covering the floating gate 312 in the cell region 317 and a gate on the insulating film covering a surface of the substrate 304 in the peripheral circuit region 314, 315 (col. 10, line 66 to col. 11, line 19 and FIG. 9i); and



performing an impurity ion implantation process for a given region of the semiconductor substrate to form a source region and a drain region, so that a flash

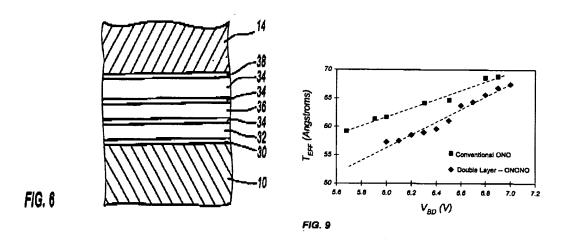
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memory cell **346** is formed in the cell region, and a code address memory cell **348** is formed in the peripheral circuit region (col. 10, lines 6-16 and FIG. 9i).

Fang does not explicitly discloses that the insulating film is formed by stacking a first oxide film, a first nitride film, a second oxide film, a second nitride film and a third oxide film as recited in independent claim 13.

Sheng, however, discloses a insulating structures used in DRAMs or other memory devices such that the insulating structures is formed by stacking a first oxide film 30, a first nitride film 32, a second oxide film 34, a second nitride film 36 and a third oxide film 34 (col. 7, line 41 to col. 9, line 23 and FIGS. 6 and 9).



Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to combine the teaching of Fang and Sheng to enable the process of creating an insulating film formed by stacking a first oxide film, a first nitride film, a second oxide film, a second nitride film and a third oxide film of Fang to be performed and furthermore other improvements in the dielectric structure account for the improvements in the breakdown voltage characteristics of the ONONO dielectric structure can be obtained (col. 9, lines 23-26, Sheng).

Response to Applicants' Amendment and Arguments

Applicant contends that the reference Fang (U.S. Patent 6,667,511), herein known as Fang fails to teach, or even suggest, a method of manufacturing a code address memory cell in a peripheral circuit region and a flash memory cell in a cell region that includes sequentially forming an insulating film including an oxide film and a nitride film and a second polysilicon film on the entire structure including the cell region and the peripheral circuit region and patterning the second polysilicon film and the insulating film so that they remain in a give region of the cell region and the peripheral circuit region respectively.

In response to Applicants' contention that Fang fails to teach, or even suggest, a method of manufacturing a code address memory cell in a peripheral circuit region and a flash memory cell in a cell region that includes sequentially forming an insulating film including an oxide film and a nitride film and a second polysilicon film on the entire structure including the cell region and the peripheral circuit region and patterning the second polysilicon film and the insulating film so that they remain in a give region of the cell region and the peripheral circuit region respectively, Examiner respectfully disagrees.

Applicants are directed to (col. 10, lines 29-65 and FIG. 9g) where Fang discloses sequentially forming an insulating film 322 including an oxide film and a nitride film (ONO) and a second polysilicon film 338 on the entire structure including the cell region 317 and the peripheral circuit region 314, 315, the insulating film being formed under the second polysilicon film 338; and (col. 10, line 66 to col. 11, line 19 and FIG. 9i) patterning the second polysilicon film 338 and the insulating film 322 so that they remain

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in a given region of the cell region 317 and the peripheral circuit region 314, 315 respectively, thus forming a control gate 338 on the insulating film covering the floating gate 312 in the cell region 317 and a gate on the insulating film covering a surface of the substrate 304 in the peripheral circuit region 314, 315.

For this reason, Examiner holds the rejection proper.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Khiem D. Nguyen whose telephone number is (571) 272-1865. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday (8:30 AM - 5:30 PM).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Matthew S. Smith can be reached on (571) 272-1907. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

K.N. January 21, 2006

W. DAVID COLEMAN PRIMARY EXAMINER